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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/515,674	02/29/2000	Sreenivas Gollapudi	242/199	9849	
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BINGHAM, MCCUTCHEN LLP			EXAMINER		
THREE EMBARCADERO, SUITE 1800 SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94111-4067			NARAYANASW	NARAYANASWAMY, SINDYA	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2154	8	
			DATE MAILED: 06/06/2003	0	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	_	Fil				
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office A. Company of the	09/515,674	GOLLAPUDI ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Sindya Narayanaswamy	2154				
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with th	e correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a rep - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailir earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply body within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS for cause the application to become ABANDO	e timely filed  days will be considered timely.  rom the mailing date of this communication.  DNED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13	November 2002 .					
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☑ T	his action is non-final.					
Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-23 is/are pending in the applicatio	n.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	awn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-23</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examin	er.					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ acce	epted or b) objected to by the E	xaminer.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig	n priority under 35 U.S.C. § 11	9(a)-(d) or (f).				
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documen	its have been received in Applic	cation No				
<ul> <li>Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>						
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domes	tic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 11	9(e) (to a provisional application).				
a) The translation of the foreign language pr						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Inform	nary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) nal Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

1. Claims 1-23 are presented for examination.

2. It is noted that although the present application does contain line numbers in the specification and claims, the line numbers in the claims do not correspond to the preferred format. The preferred format is to number each line of every claim, with each claim beginning with line 1. For ease of reference by both the Examiner and Applicant all future correspondence should include the recommended line numbering.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time of the invention the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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2. Claims 1-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mehrotra, US-5,822,790 in view of Janigian US-5,303149.

3. As per claim 1, Mehrotra teaches the invention substantially as claimed including a process for increasing the efficiency of data transfers between a client and a server comprising: identifying data requested by a client (col 1, lines 22-32);

identifying prefetch data, said prefetch data comprising information not immediately requested by said client (col. 1, lines 46-55).

4. Mehrotra does not teach the determining of the existence of data redundancy in the prefetch data or the transmitting of a reduced set of prefetch data, said reduced set comprising a smaller memory footprint than said prefetch data. However, Janigian teaches the determining the existence of data redundancy in the prefetch data (col. 13, lines 19-44) and the transmitting of a reduced set of data (col. 2, lines 37-46). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention at the time of the invention the invention was made to combine the teachings of Janigian with the teachings of Mehrotra because Janigian's methodology of determining the existence of redundant data and transmitting reduced sets of data eliminates the sending of data repetitively. One with ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention would have been motivated to do so because it reduces the amount of unnecessary work done by the system.

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As per claim 2, Janigian teaches the process of determining the existence of data 5. redundancy performed by calculating row differences between successive rows in the prefetch data (Fig. 7, col. 6, lines 22-34, col. 7, lines 61-65 - col. 8, lines 1-4).

- As per claim 3, Janigian teaches the process of claim 2 in which row differences between 6. successive rows in the prefetch data is performed by identifying identical column values for said successive rows (Fig. 7, col. 6, lines 22-34, col. 7, lines 61-65 - col. 8, lines 1-4).
- As per claim 4, Mehrotra and Janigian do not teach the process of claim 2 in which 7. determining the existence of data redundancies in prefetch data is performed by consulting a bitmap corresponding to changes between a first row and a second row of a database table. However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to compare rows by consulting a bitmap because it is a simple means of comparison. One skilled in the art would have been motivated to do so because it allows for a piece by piece comparison of rows.
- As per claim 5, Mehrotra and Janigian do not teach the process in which determining the 8. existence of data redundancy in prefetch data is performed by creating a bitmap corresponding to changes between a first row and a second row of a database table, the bitmap containing bit values for differences in column values between the first and the second rows. However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to determine the existence of data redundancy in prefetch data by creating a bitmap corresponding

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to changes between a first row and a second row of a database table because it is a simple means of comparison. One skilled in the art would have been motivated to do so because it allows for a piece by piece comparison of rows.

- 9. As per claim 6, Mehrotra and Janigian do not teach the process in determining the existence of data redundancy in said prefetch data is performed by creating a bitmap corresponding to changes between a first row and a second row of a database table, the bitmap containing bit values for differences in column values between said first and said second rows. However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to determine the existence of data redundancies in prefetch data by creating a bitmap corresponding to changes between a first row and a second row of a database table, said bitmap containing bit values for differences in column values between said first and said second rows because it is a simple means. One skilled in the art would have been motivated to do so because it allows for a piece by piece comparison of rows.
- 10. As per claim 7, Mehrotra and Janigian do not teach the process in which the first and second rows are not consecutive rows of prefetch data. However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate the process in which the first and second rows are consecutive rows of prefetch data. One skilled in the art would have been motivated to do so because it allows for a piece by piece comparison of rows.

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11. As per claim 8, Mehrotra and Janigian does not teach the process in which the bitmap is a multidimensional bitmap. However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the bitmap into a multi-dimensional map because it would provide a simpler means of row comparison. One skilled in the art would have been motivated to do so because it allows for a reduction in complexity of the process.

- 12. As per claim 9, Janigian does teach the step of determining the existence of data redundancy in prefetch data by identifying multiple copies of an item of information in prefetch data; and the act of transmitting a reduced set of prefetch data comprises sending a single copy of an item that has not changed between a first row and a second row (col. 13, lines 22-46, col. 1, lines 60-68).
- 13. As per claim 10, Mehrotra and Janigian do not teach the process comprising: maintaining pointers to the client corresponding to prefetch data and pointing multiple pointers to a single copy in a client cache. However, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of the invention to maintain pointers at the client corresponding to prefetch data and pointing multiple pointers to a single copy in a client cache because the use of multiple pointers towards a single copy in memory is an old and known concept. One skilled in the art would have been motivated to do so because the use of pointers eliminates the need of multiple copies of an identical item in the cache.
- 14. As per claims 11 and 23, they are the computer program product and general purpose computer system claims of claim 1, and they are rejected for the same reasons as claim 1.

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- 15. As per claims 12 20, they are the computer program product claims of claims 1-11 and they are rejected for the same reasons as claims 1-10.
- 16. As per claim 21, Mehrotra teaches the computer program product of claim 11 in which the prefetch data comprises of information in a database table (cache) (col 1, lines 22-32).
- 17. As per claim 22, Mehrotra and Janigian do not teach the computer program product where the prefetch data comprises information associated with a web page. However, it is commonly known in the art the web pages utilize a cache system so it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time to use the cache data storage and retrieval methodology in association with web pages.

## Conclusion

- 18. Applicant's arguments with respect to claim 1-23 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.
- 19. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
  - a. "Dynamic Data Prefetching Based On Program Counter and Addressing Mode," Afsar et al, US-6,401,193 B1.
  - b. "Method And System For Minimizing Atribute Naming Errors In Set Oriented Duplicate Detection," Johnson et al, US-5,799,302.
  - c. "Remote Data Facility Prefetch," Mason, Jr. et al, US-6557,079.

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d. "B Tree Structure and Method," Furlani, US-5,813,000.

e. "Systems and Method For Identifying Invoices That May Be Duplicate Prior To

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Payment," Calkins et al., US-2002/0194174 A1.

f. "Identifying Duplicate Documents From Search Results Without Comparing

Document Content," US 5,913,208.

g. "Method and System For Reducing Document File Size by Deleting Unused and

Duplicate Template Data," Loshky et al., US 2001/0013045 A1.

h. "Processing Node For Eliminating Duplicate Network Usage Data," Balsamo et

al, US-2002/0099806 A1.

20. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Sindya Narayanaswamy whose telephone number is (703) 305-

8473. The examiner can normally be reached on 8 am to 5 pm, first Fridays off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Meng-Ai An can be reached on (703) 305-9678. The fax phone numbers for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 305-5404 for regular

communications and (703) 305-5404 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding

should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3900.

May 30, 2003

Sindya Narayanaswamy

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